

L. Baribeau and T. J. Ransford, **On the set of discrete two-generator groups**, *Math. Proc. Cambridge Philos. Soc.*, 128 (2000), 245-255.

Abstract

A two-generator group $\text{gp}fg$ of Möbius maps is determined, up to conjugacy, by the numbers $\beta = \text{tr}^2(f) - 4$, $\beta' = \text{tr}^2(g) - 4$ and $\gamma = \text{tr}(fgf^{-1}g^{-1}) - 2$, provided that $\gamma \neq 0$. We study the subset D of \mathbf{C}^3 of those (β, β', γ) which arise from discrete groups. In particular, we identify precisely $\overline{D} \setminus D$.